	French Curriculum Intent
Years 7 and 8	At Vyners KS3 MFL builds upon the foundation of language learning from KS2 whether students are continuing the same language or learning a new one. Teaching develops the transferable skills of listening, speaking, reading and writing centered on core grammar such as tenses and word order. Vocabulary is developed through the teaching of core topics: Introducing myself; family; pets; descriptions; freetime; clothes; home; school; where you live; food; technology; healthy / unhealthy living; body and illness; holidays; celebrations; festivals and future plans. KS3 enables students to understand and communicate both personal and factual information on a variety of themes and sub topics. Students learn to develop and justify points of view in their speaking and writing and increase their ability to be both spontaneous, independent and accurate. KS3 provides students with the necessary skills and knowledge for GCSE such as the ability to transcribe, translate, complete photocard descriptions, role plays and write essays on a variety of GCSE topics. Students have the opportunity to take part and develop conversations; cope with unfamiliar language and unexpected responses. Students learn to empathise and understand other cultures and learn new social conventions.Students are exposed to a variety of literary texts, stories, poems and songs. Students also consolidate their learning of vocabulary and structures through games, sentence builders and online quizzes.
Year 9 transition	All students in Year 9 study a language. Students continue to study National Curriculum content and develop transferable skills and foundation knowledge in order to support the transition to KS4 and GCSE study. Appropriate GCSE content is covered from the spring term of Year 9.
Years 10 and 11	At Vyners we follow the AQA GCSE specification for MFL. Our GCSE syllabus fully prepares students for A level study. At GCSE students build upon and deepen their knowledge of vocabulary and grammar from KS3. Students learn to understand and respond to different types of spoken and written language, to communicate and interact effectively in speech for a variety of purposes such as role play, photocard and conversation. Students are encouraged to show spontaneity and trained to deal with unexpected questions and responses. Students develop their ability to manipulate structures and tenses to write for a range of purposes such as emails, informal and formal letters, blogs and reviews. Students build translation skills from and into the target language ranging from sentences to paragraphs. The curriculum is organised into three themes: identity and culture; local, national, international and global areas of interest; current and future study and employment. The subtopics within the three themes are interleaved throughout the GCSE courses providing students with opportunities to recall prior knowledge leading to success in the linear GCSe exam.
Year 12 and 13	French is not currently offered in the Sixth Form although native speakers will be supported to take the A Level exam as an independent candidate.

			French Curriculum Imp	lementation		
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 7 3 hour cohort	Introductions Classroom language Greetings, name Numbers, alphabet Months Age, birthday	Family Family members Pets Colours	Presenting yourself Where in the country you live Looks and character	School Subjects and opinions	Freetime Telling the time Instruments Sports	Freetime continued Other freetime activities <u>Film Project:</u>
Year 7 2 hour cohort	Introductions Classroom language Greetings, name Numbers, alphabet Months Age, birthday	Family Family members Pets	Family continued Pets Colours Presenting yourself Where in the country you live	Presenting yourself Looks and character	School Subjects and opinions	Freetime Telling the time <u>Film Project:</u>
Year 8	Home and Family Families Jobs people do Where people live The weather A typical day Famous French people	Free-time Last weekend Yesterday evening TV programmes Where you went Events in the past TV in France	Food and Drink Talking about food French meals Preparing for a party Shopping for food Eating at a restaurant French food specialities	Going out Clothes Shopping French shopping centre	Holidays and Trips Countries and languages Holidays Holiday centres Past holidays Destinations	Friends Taking about friends Pocket money Devices Three tenses Hopes and wishes Leisure activities

Year 9	Interests	Health	Once upon a time	Destinations	Global issues	The future
	TV programmes Films Daily routine Reading What you saw and read Authentic texts French actors	Illness Injuries Healthy living Complex text using 3 tenses	What you used to do Sports in the past Narrative in the imperfect Thinking skills Profiles Comparing past and present	French regions Travel Hotels A visit to an attraction A visit to a sporting event A complaint	Schools in other countries Young people at work Rights and beliefs Human rights activists Children's rights	Future planning The future Future careers Importance of MFL Talking about hair and eyes
Year 10	Theme 1: Unit 1 (Family and friends) AQA F and H Spreads	Theme 1: Unit 2 (Social media, Technology) AQA F and H Spreads	Theme 1: Unit 3 (Free time) AQA F and H Spreads Free-time activities	Theme 1: Unit 4 (Customs and Festivals) AQA F and H Spreads	Theme 2: Unit 5 (Home, town and neighbourhood) AQA F and H spreads	Theme 2 : Unit 7 (Environment and Poverty/homelessness) AQA F and H Spreads
	Me, my family and friends Family members Physical and character description Relationships with family and friendship Relationships when Younger	Pros and cons of social media Uses of new technology Benefits and dangers of mobile technology	Music, cinema, T.V Food and eating out Sport	How we celebrate Traditions International festivals Describing events	Types of house /rooms. Describe your room. Activities you do at home to help. Say where you would like to live. Ideal house / room House when younger	Helping the environment Poverty Homelessness
Year 11	Theme 2 : Unit 6 (Healthy/unhealthy living and Volunteering) AQA F and H Spreads	Theme 3: Unit 9 and 10 (School) AQA F and H Spreads School and education	Theme 3: Units 11 and 12 (Jobs, career choices and ambitions) AQA F and H Spreads	Theme 2: Unit 8 (Holidays and Travel) AQA F and H Spreads Travel and	Revision Exam skills: Speaking Listening	Exams
	AQA F and H Spreads	School and education	and H Spreads	Travel and Tourism: At the hotel.	Reading	

livin; futu	ture c luntary work abroad G R	comprehension Grammar Revision for December trial exam	Education post-16; my future plans/part-time work Continued Exam skills: Speaking Listening Reading Writing Translation Authentic text comprehension Grammar	Holidays and the weather Holiday destinations Continued Exam skills: Speaking Listening Reading Writing Translation Authentic text comprehension Grammar	Writing Translation Authentic text comprehension Grammar	
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Subject MFL KS3 MFL C			L Curriculum Impact KS3	
		FORMATIVE; The instructional guidance that identifies central points of learning and plans for the progression of individual students.	SUMMATIVE; This describes individuals learning at the end of an instructional unit by comparing it against a standard or benchmark. (High Stakes Assessment)	EVALUATIVE; This is about institutional accountability and comes after terminal exams. External agencies.
TI Ann ME SC AL E	nually		Formal End of Year examinations as part of the Key Stage 3 Assessment Week. These are teacher assessed. This covers the summer end of term topic assessments. Data is used to plot performance against the projected flight plan. Students will go through the test with staff and the mark scheme to identify areas that need additional support.	Throughout KS3, peer and self-assessments are completed every lesson in individual tasks and ReACT targets are set by students themselves after summative assessments. The MFL Department tracks and evaluates summative assessment performance across the year to form a holistic view of student performance and progress and uses this to inform teaching, feedback, targets and intervention strategies. Departmental data spreadsheets are kept centrally on the subject drive.

Interim	1-2-1 speaking practice with foreign language assistants where feedback is given. Quality of written work in exercise book is checked regularly and feedback informs students how to improve.	End of topic assessments in the four skills approximately every 6-10 lessons. These consist of resources and questions using Kerboodle assessments. These are teacher and peer assessed using mark schemes. <u>Year 7 -</u> All content learned can be assessed in each term test with the focus is on the latest sentence builder	These are updated with all student data in KS3, and regularly monitored by the subject leader. Each student will have an assessment tracker sheet which they will use to track their own progress – this is a reflection tool and will allow students to reflect on their overall progress – this is designed to complement topical PLCs
Weekly	Teachers role:	Year 8 - All content learned from the beginning of Year 7 to current can be assessed in each term test with the focus is on the latest sentence builder Year 9 - All content learned from the beginning of Year 7 to current can be assessed in each term test with the focus is on the latest sentence builder / vocabulary booklet unit Teachers: - Evaluate student learning at the end of a certain teaching period. - Evaluate their teaching practice and lessons in line with Summative Assessment outcomes. Feedback on how to do better next time is given to the student alongside a ReACT task to complete	
	 Identify how students are performing and use this to provide support, 		

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	 evaluate student learning and plan future lessons. Provide oral and/or written feedback. Keep track of student progress using department internal and school wide data systems. Scaffold feedback to students for effective self/peer assessment. 	
	 Students role: Engage in self assessment. Engage in peer assessment. Be proactive in ReACT taks. Revise content. Redraft and submit work which is completed to the best of their abilities. Identify their own strengths and weaknesses and ask for support from their subject teachers. 	
	Homework tasks including lesson ready tasks (flipped learning) where research is needed and revision for retrieval activities and quizzes	
Hourly	 'Every Lesson Every Day' techniques are embedded in lessons including: Review last lesson, last week, last year. Checking for student understanding, asking higher order questions and providing feedback - ensuring students respond to this feedback. Low stakes testing activities. 	
	Every lesson a variety of the following formative assessment takes place using the following strategies: - Questioning - Low stakes testing - Spiral learning - Oral feedback - Whole-class feedback - Class and teaching modelling - Regular re-cap quizzes - Retrieval practice tasks	

	Subject			
м	FL KS4	MF	L Curriculum Impact KS4	
		FORMATIVE; The instructional guidance that identifies central points of learning and plans for the progression of individual students.	SUMMATIVE; This describes individuals learning at the end of an instructional unit by comparing it against a standard or benchmark. (High Stakes Assessment)	EVALUATIVE; This is about institutional accountability and comes after terminal exams. <i>External agencies.</i>
TIMES CALE	Annually		Year 10 will sit a GCSE style paper for their End of Year Exam to measure progress and outcomes from their starting points. Year 11 will have their GCSE exams in May/June which are externally marked by AQA. Results in August. Mock examinations in December are based upon all topics taught since the start of Year 10 and vocabulary since Year 7	Data collated by staff is used as a basis for the intervention groups in the winter and spring terms for year 11 and summer for year 10. Data is used to identify students not making adequate progress. Analysis of the data collated is the responsibility of OSK and CCV in readiness for the departmental review. Each student will have an assessment tracker sheet which they will use to track their own progress – this is a reflection tool and will allow students to reflect on their overall progress – this is designed to complement topical PLCs
	Interim		Students complete at least two assessments each term in listening, reading, writing and speaking to ensure that progress towards target grade is being made. Students in Year 10 /11 receive Feedback against MFL GCSE criteria in assessed skills. Written feedback and student responses in the form of react should be evident. These are in student folders/exercise books. Exam questions are taken from GCSE Past papers and EAQA or Exampro. Marks and mark schemes shared with pupils. In readiness for the GCSE speaking exam questions will be issued to Year 10 for use in lessons. Students will practise	

		these questions throughout Year 10 and 11 and work with the language assistant if they require support.	
		Tests are teacher assessed and pupils record their score against the target grade on a tracking sheet.	
Weekly	 Regular formative assessment takes place using the following strategies: Success criteria or student checklists Single GCSE questions Model answers Low stakes testing on key grammar and vocabulary Teacher, peer and self-evaluation used in all lessons to ensure progress and next steps are 		
	considered and 're-acted' to.		
	 Teachers role: Identify how students are performing and use this to provide support, evaluate student learning and plan future lessons Set homework tasks Provide oral and/or written feedback. Keep track of student progress using department internal and school wide data systems. Scaffold feedback to students for effective self/peer assessment. 		
	 Students role: Engage in self assessment. Engage in peer assessment. Be proactive in ReACT taks. Revise content. Redraft and submit work which is completed to the best of their abilities. Identify their own strengths and weaknesses and ask for support from 		
Hourly	their subject teachers. Every Lesson Every Day' techniques are		
	embedded in lessons including: - Review last lesson, last week, last year.		

 Checking for student understanding, asking higher order questions and providing feedback - ensuring students respond to this feedback. Low stakes testing activities. 	
Every lesson a variety the following formative assessment takes place using the following strategies: - Questioning - Low stakes testing - Spiral learning - Oral feedback - Whole-class feedback - Class and teaching modelling - Regular re-cap quizzes - Retrieval practice tasks	